



Autumn Plant Care

During the autumn the plant needs change. September is the most suitable month to take care of your plants. Still in September the garden is colorful and full of vitality! Therefore, it is time to reduce the frequency of watering and fertilization, to add new plants to flower beds and gardens and take care of indoor plants.

September is the month where all the summer bulbs finish blooming. Remove them all and plant bulbs and seeds of flowers and vegetables that will bloom in autumn. If you want to create a natural and impressive garden, then plant bulbs scattered in the grass.

Autumn Gardening:

What can be planted in autumn? We may not have felt the urge to enjoy the porch or garden due to the decrease of temperature, but now is the time to take care of all the plants we have planted and maintain in the previous seasons. It is also time to identify the needs in plants that will be planted and will enjoy during spring and summer time. And don not forget that autumn is the best time for pruning.

Autumn is also the right time to fertilize the plants before the hibernation and it is also ideal for planting, mainly vegetables and tubers. During this season you should take measures against snails and other threats of the plants. The chemical baits for parasitic organisms can be obtained from garden shops or nurseries.

You can also plant vegetables such as cauliflower, spinach, broccoli, leeks, onions, beans and garlic. Before proceed with the planting make sure that you dig the soil well. It is good to use a small amount of fertilizer or manure.

Also in fall you should clean finished blossoms of flowers and remove all the summer seasonal plants such as marigold, etc. You should take care of your roses - water them with good organic compost and make sure that the water reaches the roots.

Autumn is also the season for pruning pelargonium and geraniums and cover any losses of grass in order to maintain a single image of green gardens.

Apart from anything else, autumn is the best time of the year to plant evergreen trees and shrubs and is a good time to plant fruit trees. This is the time to enrich the soil with compost. As the temperature is still mild, it is good to take care of rhododendrons, azaleas, camellias and conifers. Collect the fruits that have come out, prune the weak branches, apply a little lime and then water thoroughly with plenty of water to maximize growth in a short time..

Finally, in autumn you can plant bulbs like buttercup, hoes, tulips, anemones, hyacinths and beans in order to enjoy their beauty during spring time.

Winter plant care



Winter is the time to renew your pots and move the indoors plants near the windows in order to get enough light. Make sure not to put plants near heat sources such as radiators, stoves, heaters, etc and gradually reduce watering. Then clean the leaves of the plants from the dust in order to help them breathe better and look beautiful.

Winter Gardening:

If the winter is heavy, cover all the plants that are susceptible. Transfer the plants in pots indoors. If you haven't fertilized your garden, you can still do it. You can also carve your garden to help rainwater to be absorbed better. Clear your garden of fallen leaves and dry twigs.

Plant shrubs around the garden in order to create natural hedges. Apart from the beauty, it will protect you from the air. Transplant various vegetables such as lettuce, cabbage, cauliflower, broccoli, etc. Also you can plant strawberry plants and artichoke.

In winter you can also plant shrubs, trees and conifers. Finally, if you have not already planted bulbs or seasonal plants, you can buy from the nurseries ready plants or bulbs like hyacinths, freesia, hyacinths, daffodils, anemones, crocus, lilies, irises, tulips, violets, pansies, sweet pea, marigold, etc...

Winter plant care:

Because of climate change survival of plants is more difficult nowadays. It is the right time to take measures because the winter is the most difficult period for the survival of your plants, especially nowadays that all seasons are integrate. The

measures that you should take are divided into two main categories: preventive and repressive.

Preventive measures

- Use compost for the ground and pots. Compost has the ability to maintain higher temperatures in winter and helps the plants to develop more extensive root system. So, if you use compost the plants will be able to cope better in any adverse weather conditions.
- Choose plants suitable for your area.
- Select the appropriate place for the plants. In areas of the garden where there are strong winds you it is better to plant perdurable plants.
- Be sure to provide a balanced fertilization for plants in order to have a right development. Even the perdurable plants can not survive in low temperatures.
- Be sure to examine your plants regularly for any diseases or infections.
- Prune properly and reduce watering.
- Do not water your plants at night because the drop in temperature may damage their root system.

Repressive measures

- Move indoors sensitive plants, such as cactus, succulents, gardenias, etc, when the temperatures is very low.. The ideal place to put them is near the windows, away from heat sources. The ideal temperature for proper growth is $16^{\circ} - 18^{\circ} C$.
- Use compost in the surface of both pots and the garden. It can keep a higher temperature of the root system of plants by $1^{\circ} - 2^{\circ} C$..
- If necessary, cover your plants to protect them from cold. If the temperatures are expected to fall below zero, it's good to cover the trunks and some fruit trees (eg citrus) with plastic or another material.
- If you notice any damage (cracks) in the trunk or branches of plants, you should cover them with copper and lime, so as not to leave doors open to fungi.

Spring Plant Care



Spring!!! The best season!!! The nature regenerates. The plants are alive, the flowers are bloomy and the smells are getting more intense. Signs that a new season is coming!! You should start working in the garden on time!!! Gardening is not only a pleasant hobby but afterwards you can enjoy the beauty of the fresh trees and blooming flowers.

Plant Treatment

In spring time you need to start pruning plants such as roses, gardenias and climbing plants. You should also prune the hedges, shrubs, deciduous and evergreen trees. Remove all weeds and carved the soil in order to ventilate well. Then fertilize plants to help them be healthy and grow properly.

In the spring you should also keep an eye for any diseases. Diseases such as aphids, fungal diseases are very common at this period of time. Therefore, plants such as roses, euonymus, laurels, begonia, etc. should be sprayed with copper and sulfur. It is also possible to face problems with deficiency in your plants, if you haven't previously fertilized the plants in a proper way. It is therefore appropriate to add nutrients in foliar form (ie spraying the leaves). If you have not fertilized yet, it is your last

chance to add some compost or animal origin. You can also repot your plants as temperatures are milder.

Finish pruning and do the first sprinkling. Continue planting herbs, vegetables, bulbs as well as several other ornamental geraniums, bougainvilleas, fuchsia, begonia, zinnia, petunia, marigold, etc.

Summer Plant Care



In summer time, flowers are facing difficulties due to high temperature. The plants in the summer need to have more water than any other season.

Place ornamental plants in a cool, shady place since they are sensitive to high temperatures and need much water. Transfer to your balcony, in a cool places your indoor plants and cactus. In summer time, the ornamental plants are more easily infected by diseases. Spray them with appropriate pesticides and remove all the weeds. Remove dead branches from roses and other plants.

In summer, it is time to take care of bulbs. Try to keep them moisture and fertilize every 20-25 days with a suitable fertilizer. Remove some buds from dahlias, lilies and bignonias in order to give you bigger and spectacular flowers. You can do the same to other plants such as chrysanthemum, petunias, zinnias, etc. Do not forget to remove the weeds that may exist in plants.

During the summer you should take care of the grass. Mow it more often. The most suitable high for the grass is about 6-7 cm, in order to look more beautiful. It is important to water the grass after mowing or fertilization. It is preferable to water the grass early in the morning or late in the afternoon.

The summer care of plants

The summer dew pushes us to enjoy the splendor of nature. Most plants have already blooming and the smell of the flowers influences our mental world. It is the time that

we all enjoy our terrace or garden. This is the reason why we should finish with pruning. However, the most important factor in the appearance of the garden is the cleanness. You can achieve that by enrich the soil and water the plants frequently.